

Botanical Name: *Frangula californica* 'Eve Case'

Common Name: Eve Case Compact Coffeeberry

FRANG-gyu-la kal-i-FOR-nih-kah

SHRUB



Spring



Summer



Fall



Winter

Family: Rhamnaceae

Origin: California, chaparral, woodland

Climate Zone: USDA 8-11, Sunset 4-24

Mature Height: 6-8 feet

Mature Width: 6-8 feet

Plant Type: Evergreen

Growth Habit: Compact, rounded

Growth Rate: Slow, 12-24 inches per year

Flower Color/Details: Inconspicuous, whitish-green, male or female

Flower Season: Spring

Bark: Gray or red-brown, furrowed or smooth

Fruit: Small redish or black fruits summer through fall, will not produce, if bushes are single gender

Foliage: Dark green oblong

Use: Focal, specimen, hedge, background, screen, foundation plant, under native oak trees

Floral: Flower arrangements, wreaths

Wildlife/Beneficials: Native bees, birds, butterflies

Deer Resistant: Yes

Fire Resistant: No

Medicinal Uses/Edible: Unknown

Adverse Factors: Susceptible to aphid and leaf miner infestations, if crowded or overwatered.

Sap may cause skin irritation. Bark and berries may be toxic. Tolerant of urban pollution

Soil: Adaptable with good drainage

Exposure: Full sun to light shade

Water Requirements: Low, drought tolerant

WUCOLS Water Needs: L L VL L / M

UC Davis Arboretum All-Star: No

Description: Handsome, versatile plant alone or in a hedge with California native shrubs Toyon, Manzanita, and Ceanothus. Colorful in spring, summer and fall, when other shrubs are dormant. Formerly classified as *Rhamnus californica*.

Maintenance: Water deeply and regularly first 2-3 years, then irrigate occasionally, every 4-6 weeks. When mature, prune only to remove deadwood and crossing branches and to open canopy for improved air circulation. Do not fertilize.



#5 Nursery Container