

Botanical Name: *Hesperaloe parviflora*
Common Name: Red Yucca
Hes-per-all-ow par-vih-FLOOR-ah

SHRUB



Spring



Summer



Fall



Winter

Family: Asparagaceae
Origin: Texas & New Mexico
Climate Zone: USDA 6-10, Sunset 2b, 3, 7-16, 18-24
Mature Height: 3-4 feet
Mature Width: 3-4 feet or more
Plant Type: Evergreen
Growth Habit: Arching, spreading from center
Growth Rate: Slow
Flower Color/Details: 5 foot stalks bear rose to coral-red tubular flowers with yellow throats
Flower Season: Late spring into fall
Fruit: Oblong capsule; flat black seeds inside
Foliage: Stiff gray-green, narrow, sword-shaped with thread-like fringe along margins
Use: Containers, pathways, native desert or rock gardens, massed for effect, tropical look with little water
Floral: Long lasting cut flower
Wildlife/Beneficials: Attracts butterflies, native bees; hummingbirds love this plant
Deer Resistant: Flowers may be eaten
Fire Resistant: Yes
Medicinal Uses/Edible: Unknown
Adverse Factors: Scale insect and aphids while blooming, if overwatered

Soil: Well drained
Exposure: Full sun, reflected heat
Water Requirements: Low, drought tolerant, do not overwater
WUCOLS Water Needs: / L VL L L L
Description: Perennial clump resembles a small Yucca or coarse grass. Spineless succulent excellent for cactus garden, alternative to Yucca and Agave. Yellow blooming varieties available. Leaves are touched with purple with winter chill.
Maintenance: Looks best when soaked twice a month in summer heat. Allow to completely dry out between waterings. Do not overwater. No supplemental winter water needed. Remove old blooms for neater appearance.



#1 Nursery Container